Senator Morrill Wants an Instrinto Asylum...Both Houses Have Rec-ognized Brazil...Tariff Hearing... Unpited Gosstp...In the Committees.

By Special Wire from the Capitol. There was a more than usual number of visitors to the Senate Chamber before the opening of the session this morning. Senator John H. Reagan of Texas, who was in his Texas, who was in his seat at 11 o'clock, was the only member present. He came in for a good deal of atten-tion, and was stared and pointed at in a manner that would have given considerable worriment to an ordinary man. He seemed un-aware of what was going on about him, however, and continued writing until the opening of the session, when the other Senators divided with him the

attention he was attracting. Several bills of considerable importseveral bills of considerable importance to the District of Columbia were presented. The most important of these was Senator Gibson's bill for the creation of a commission to purchase land in the city of Washington for the erection of Government buildings.

The bill directs that this commission be composed of the Secretary of the

be composed of the Secretary of the Interior, the Chief Engineer of the United States Army and the Commis-sioner of the District of Columbia. The commission is empowered to ascertain the probable cost of the real estate embraced in the area bounded by First street from Pennsylvania avenue to Maryland a renue, Pennsylvania avenue to Fifteenth street, and Maryland avenue to Fifteenth street, and to report to the Senate. It is also directed to learn whether this real estate can be acquired by con-demnation or by purchase. The Centre Market is alone excepted from pur

Senator Morrell presented a petition indorsed by a number of citizens of the District of Columbia for the passage of a bill to establish an inebriate asylum in Washington.

A bill authorizing the Treasury to pay Mrs. Selma Bestor, O. H. Bestor and E. F. Riggs the sum of \$21,230.67 was presented by Senator Blackburn.
This money was paid in settlement of the accounts of Assistant Paymaster Jacob D. Doyle of the United States Navy, who was short that amount. It was learned after that he was insane at the time the deficiency occurred, and for that reason the bill has been offered to reimburse

those who suffered through the affair.

The Committee on Commerce reported the following bills favorably:
Making an appropriation for the construction of a light-house on St. Mary's Island, Alaska; to establish a port of delivery at Springfield in the State of Massachusetts; to extend to Tampa, Fla., the privilege of immediate transportation of unappraised mer-chandise. Those reported adversely were: Bill to repeal so much of the act of July 1, 1870, chapter 189, as authorizes the leasing of the rights to engage in taking free seals from the islands of St. Paul and St. George, and for other purposes; bills to establish ports of delivery at Meridian, at Jackson and at Greenville, in the State of Mississippi.

Mr. Sperman offered a resolution providing that to-morrow the Senate will proceed to business on the calen-dar under rule 8 (unobjected matter), and continue at that business until adournment or an executive session. He asked unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.
On objection by Mr. Ingalls, Mr.
Sherman gave notice that he would ask

for its consideration to-morrow. The bill appropriating \$500,000 for a

Consideration of the bill to provide a emporary government for Oklahoma at the meeting of the Committee to

temporary government for Oklahoma was then resumed, the pending question being Mr. Plumb's amendment to comprise No Man's Land within the Territory.

Mr. Vest, in supporting the amendment, said he agreed with Mr. Ingalls as to the improved condition of the five civilized tribes. Bentzers as five civilized tribes, but Senators as practical legislators ought to look de-liberately to the inevitable and to what was taught by past experience in rela-tion to the region lying west of Indian

He had not said (as Mr. Ingalls in-timated) that No Man's Land was a refuge for outlaws, but he asserted now, that so far as the laws of propriety were concerned, No Man's Land was in an anomalous and unsatisfactory was in an anomalous and unsatisfactory condition, and so indeed was the whole Indian Territory—which had been characterized by the Supreme Court as an 'independent dependency'—whatever that might mean. With full intention to pay the Indians a fair price for the Cherokee outlet he thought that the best thing that could be done was to add No Man's Land to the Territory

Mr. Reagan favored the amendment.
Mr. Piumb, in advocating the amend
ment, said the condition in which No
Man's Land was left was a scandal on the legislators of the country.

The Oklahoma bill was passed at

Among the bills introduced were the

following:

following:

By Mr. Paddock—Appropriating \$1,000,000 for a public building at Lincoln. Neb. By Mr. Hawley—Amending the Revised Statutes so as to permit the Departments of the Government to purchase supplies in amounts not exceeding the value of \$200 without calling for bids.

By Mr. Pierce—Appropriating \$25,000 for the temporary relief of the Stoux Indians at Devil's Lake, N. D.

By Mr. Plumb (by request)—Defining the money of the United States. (This bill revives the old fractional currency, provides the form in which bills of various denominations shall be printed, and provides for

nations shall be printed, and provides for the free coinage of gold and silver.

At 3:07 the Senate went into secret session to consider the nomination of Dorchester, Superintendent of Indian Schools.

House Proceedings. The House to-day passed unanimously the Senate joint resolution recognizing the United States of Brazil.

Yesterday's journal was approved, the Speaker counting the necessary number to make a quorum. Consideration of the code of rules was then proceeded with. An amend-ment was adopted requiring the titles of committee reports to be entered on

the journal. Mr. Cannon reported an amendmen rule 15 (relating to roll-calls), as to provide that, after the roll call, a request to record a vote or announce a pair shall not be entertained, unless a member's

name has been noted, under clause 3 of Clause 3 is amended so as to read as

On the demand of any member or at the suggestion of the Speaker the names of members suffi-tion to make a quorum in the Hall of the House who do not vote shall be notified by the clerk and recorded in the journal and

ing the presence of a quorum to do

At 3 o'clock the House was still con-sidering the code of rules, Mr. Cameron having the floor. The House finally concluded to permit a final vote on the rules, or rather

the code, to be taken to morrow after-noon. This has been decided by a conference of the leading members of Presidential Nominations.

The President sent to the Senate to day a long long list of nominations for postmasters, among them the following: Maryland-Harry C. Keefer, Frederick, Bollie Moore, Salisbury; James H. Vincent, Pocomoke City. Virginia — Hansford Anderson, West

In the Committees.

The Foreign Affairs Committee re-ferred to a sub-committee to day a memorial of the Boston Board of Trade, urging action to strengthen this counry's trade relations with Canada.

try's trade relations with Canada.

The Senate Committee on Commerce reported favorably on bills making Springfield, Mass., a port of delivery and giving to Tampa, Fla., the privilege of immediate transportation of unappraised merchandise, and adversely on bills making Meridian, Greenville and Jackson, Miss., ports of delivery, and Senator Plumb's bill for leasing the fur seal trade. the fur seal trade.

The sub-committee of the Labor Com mittee has prepared a report in favor of the Eight-hour Back Pay bill and a gentleman in a position to know said this morning that it would be adopted by the full committee. There are fully 3,000 Government employes in the District who would be benefited by the bill. General Comstock, Colonel Ernst and Major Suter of the Mississippi River Commission testified to-day be

fore Senator Gibson, acting as a sub-committee, in favor of his bill approoristing \$4,000,000 for improving the A sub-committee of the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary to day listened to the arguments of a committee of the American Bar Association in favor of an Intermediate Appellate

Court to relieve the Supreme Court of a part of its business. There are now 1,563 cases on the docket of the court. Report on the World's Fair. The sub-committee of the World's Fair Committee has agreed upon a report to the full committee, but as far as can be learned it recommends no par-

ticular location.

Montana's Senators. The four new Senators from Montana, two Republicans and two Democrats, are expected to reach the city in a few days, and a lively time is looked for, if the Republican majority in the Senate carry out their plan to recognize the tone of their own party and refuse to consider the claims of the

Ballot Box Witnesses,

The Special House Committee, investigating the Ohio ballot-box forgery, discharged all the witnesses this morning. It is reported that they made this move because the Com It is reported that they mittee on Accounts was about to bring in a resolution calling attention to the expense of the committee and asking that all the witnesses be discharged. The special committee has ummoned several more witnesses, and it is expected the investigation will close

Contested Election Cases, The contested election case of Feath erstone against Cate of Arkansas will be decided by the House Election Committee to morrow. Mr. Houk of the committee The bill appropriating \$500,000 for a the case in charge, and will public building at Portland, Ore., was report it to the House after the rules

morrow. The Threet-Clark case (First Ala bama) has a chance of being brought before the committee to-morrow, but Mr. Threet, who is a colored man, has not made so good a case and there is a belief that the committee will unite in favor of the retention of the contested

Tariff Rebate Wanted.

Messrs. John W. Keogh and George Blair and State Senator John G. Boyd, representing the warehousemen and longshoremen of New York, presented to the Ways and Means Committee this morning a petition signed by 3,000 workingmen of that city, asking that Congress amend the tariff laws by allowing to the importer a rebate of 1 per cent. per month of the duty on all sugar, hemp, jute, fibre and wool with-drawn from bonded warehouses for home consumption, provided that the merchandise is imported directly from

They claimed that great quantities of raw naterial intended for this country are stored in foreign warehouses until actually needed here, and that this system deprives the American laborers engaged in the work of steady employ. ment.
Mr. Blair remarked that the party iv

power claimed that it favored the pro-tection of American labor, and that here was a chance to make good that claim. The rebate, he said, would stimulate commerce, enable this country to regulate prices and make it a market from which to draw supplies for the world.

J. R. Donnelly of Brooklyn argued before the committee in favor of a higher rate of duty on beveled plate

Gossip of the Corridors. There are very few public officials who have the faculty of knowing just what news is. Many of these officials are anxious and willing to tell all they know, but it is necessary to ask them many questions before one can get at their mine of informa-tion. Of the United States Senators there are five who seem to know just what a reporter wants when he ap-proaches them. They are Senators Matthew C. Butler of South Carolina, Arthur P. Gorman of Maryland, William E. Chaudler of New Hampshire, Joseph R. Hawley of Con-necticut and J. J. Ingalls of Kan-sas. None of these gentlemen re-

quire any questioning; the informa-tion they give is generally to the point and covers all the ground of whatever subject in discussion. Many of the other Senators are equally as willing as these gentlemen are to give information, but few of them know what one wants till a dozen questions have been asked, and then the questions tioning must be continued until all the information desired is obtained. It is tedious work, but it must be done or otherwise a good deal of news

in which the public is directly interested would be lost.

No man who sits within the precincts of the House of Congress loves sherry and egg before breakfast better than Congressman Amos J. Cummings. He drinks them, too, with a gusto and smack of lips that carries absolute enjoyment all around the room. This in it and recorded in the journal and joyment all around the room. This reported to the Speaker with the names of the members voting and prepared his favorite decoction be counted and announced in determin | with a pleasant sparkle of anticipation | Chapman & Taylor, 915 Pennsylvania ave. | certainly is.

in his eyes. He drank the tumplerful down with one gulp, but his usual smack of the lips was absent. It was colorne spirits that some one had placed on his sideboard. This ac-counted for the pale look on the face of the Congressman to-day which caused so much comment.

The Committee on the Alcoholic Liquer Traffic-will give a hearing one day this week to Messrs. Powell and Stearns, who represent the National Temperance Association of New York. These gentlemen have regularly ap-peared before this committee for the past fifteen years, but up to the present time Congress has fought shy of committing itself in favor of any national liquor law such as advocated by the Association. Messrs. Powell and Stearns Association. Messrs. Powell and Stearns want Congress to pass a law prohibiting the importation of liquor into Airica, and also the appointment of a special committee to investigate the fiquor traffic. The opponents of the Grout bill say that if a committee is appointed it will open the floodgates to every temperance crank in the country, and wall to be seen to and result in bringing the question for ward as a national issue in the next campaign.

ate, and the seventeen Republican members from the South have agreed to go to work at once and do all in their power to strengthen the week-kneed ones in the Senate who may be induced to vote against the bill on its final passage. This is the first time the friends of the bill in the House have felt the apprehensive about its fate. Heroic remedies are to be applied, and it will be urged by the Southern Re-publicans that if the bill is defeated in the Senate it will kill the Republican

party in the South.

Representative Hamilton G. Ewart of North Carolina, who is one of the leading Republicans in his section, said to THE CRITIC reporter this morning that with the South the Blair bill was the most popular measure ever intro-duced in Congress. "It's a positive fact," said Colonel Ewart, "that if the Blair bill were put to a popular vote in North Carolina it would receive the approval of seven out of every ten voters. The fact that at Chicago the Republican National Convention inserted in the platform a paragraph pledging the support of the party to give national aid to common schools makes it imperative for this Congress to carry out that promise. And I want to say right here that in my humble opinion that if the Blair bill is defeated it will be good-bye to the Republican party in the South. I heartily believe that of the seventeen Republican members from the South. from the South now in the House not more than three or four will come back to the Fifty-second Congress if the party permits the Blair bill to die a natural death. The Blair bill, I believe, offers the only solution of the negro question, and yet such a man as Ingalls is op-

posed to the measure."

It was the issue of the Blair bill and the internal revenue question that brought about the election of Colonel Ewart, whose predecessor, Mr. Johnson, was a Democrat.

Representative Dorsey of Nebraska will leave here on the 17th instant with a party of members of Congress and others to attend the annual horse sale at Lexington, Ky. The party has not been yet made up, but Senator Blackburn will be of it. A feature of the Lexington sale this year will be the offering of a number of Nebraska horses for purchase.

One subject of discussion at the Capitol to day was the letter of the colored man Astwood in regard to the action of Congressman Grimes of Georgia in leaving the Riggs House because Astwood was accommodated there at din-ner. The question was frequently asked whether or not Mr. Grimes would take any notice of the letter in which Astwood said that he was no gentleman.

The answer to that question is an easy one. Mr. Grimes will take no notice of Mr. Astwood's communication. In the language of another Southern member, "he could not afford to, and," continued that member, "I see that Astwood, in his letter, brings in the subject of the House rules. Now I would like to know what the rules have to do with the matter of a white gentleman cating batter-cake with a nigger?"

CAPITOL GUIDES.

John T. Burke Was Not As Innocent

As He Looked. The guides around the corridors in Capitol reaped a rich harvest to-day. The rotunda was overrun with visitors, and the lobbyists from New York were as thick as peas. Nobody seemed to know whether there was any specific reason for such an influx of New Yorksee creation to the less than these Yorkers or not, but not less than three representatives from the metropolis were button-holed simultaneously

within a radius of ten feet.
Congressman Quinn of the Eleventh
New York was being entertained by a
labor agitator, Little Judge John
Henry McCarthy from the Eighth New York stood on his tip toes to hear what a strapping big Bill-Sykes-looking man had to say for himself, and Turner from the Fifth New York was backed up against the statue of Ethan Allen, with a look so cold on his swarthy countenance that the halo around his head could have been grasped with ice-

"Tom" Kennedy, the guide from New York, got hold of a tall, raw-boned gentleman, who looked as if he had come from the backwoods of Arkansas, that even outdone the imperturbable

"Can I have the distinguished pleasure of describing to you the intricacles and pleasures of the Capitol?" said the

affable guide, approaching the aforesaid The latter turned on his muddy boot heel and looked down upon the corpulent little guide with a stony smile and

"Yes, sir; you. You are a stranger in the city, I believe, and would like to see some of the sights in the Capitol, would you not?" said the guide.

'Who, me?'' again came the stony of course I mean you. You haven't seen the great bronze doors, copied after the famous doors at Milan, have

Again the adamantine smile overpread the face of the stranger, and out came the two cold words: "Who, me?" "There is the whisper gallery, through that passageway. Have you ever been in it?" said "Tom," anxious to make a favorable impression.

"Who, me?"
"No; not you, the Indian on the

Valentines!

WEALTH OF THE NOBLES

THEIR ENORMOUS FORTUNES A CAUSE OF DISCONTENT.

Rulers Without Subjects Have Money Enough to Pay the Public Debts of All European Powers, but They do Not Contribute a Penny of It.

London, Feb. 13.—The enormous fortune left by the late Duke of Mont-pensier has furnished grounds for an-other Socialist outcry against the con-tinuance of a system of aristocracy having no other aim and serving no higher purpose than the personal enjoyment of the members of that exclusive class, and vigorous agitation of the matter may be expected. Nor is this feeling confined to the people designated as Socialists. The Republican element in every Evyoness country is nourished. in every European country is nourished into rapid growth and expansion by this very flagrant inequality in the dis-tribution of wealth.

From the capital in the hands of mer-chants, traders and investors in all the various enterprises the laborer derives his sustenance, but from the millions locked up in the vaults of scions of families whose regnant rights ceased to exist years and years ago, the countries over which they ruled having long since lost their nationality, and in most cases their names, the people get nothing but the injustice which the possession of those millions enable those royal, princely and ducal idlers to in-

It is estimated that there is money enough in the hands of kings without crowns, princes without principalities and dukes without duchies, many of them, indeed, without countries and who are never mentioned except in the pages of the "Almanach de Gotha," to pay the public debt of every power in Europe, yet nobody ever hears of one of these fellows parting with a franc, ex-cept upon the turn of a card or the "wheel of fortune" at Monte Carlo.

Not long ago that royal loafer, ex-King Milan of Servia, lost the paltry of 300,000 francs, and was for some days thereafter in doubt whether to commit suicide or recoup himself by making a raid upon the treasury at Bel grade. Unfortunately he was persuaded to forego his suicidal intention, and he will probably succeed in begging enough to make good his losses.

Signed Just in Time.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 13.—Amos Beckwith, who died here yesterday and who was the principal owner of the Dyerville Manufacturing Company's plant, signed a trust deed on Tuesday conveying all his property in trust to Henry C. Crans-ton, for the benefit of his creditors. The last bank which was holding out against the acceptance of the terms of the deed consented Tuesday afternoon to come in with the others and allow the signing of the deed.

New York Stocks Very Dull. New York, Feb. 13.—Money on call easy at 3@4 per cent.

Exchange quiet; posted rates, 4834@4874; actual rates, 4822@483 for 60 days, and 4862@487 for demand.

Governments quiet; currency 6's, 1.16 bid; 4's, coupon, 1.23 bid; 44's, coupon, 1.044 bid.

The stock market was very dull this morning, dealings being chiefly confined to the trusts, Louisville and Nashville, Rock Island, Chicago Gas and Wisconsin Central. The opening was active and strong, the first prices showing advances of \$4@\dagger\$. The sugar trusts were the features. Opening \( \frac{1}{2} \) per cent. higher at 64, they advanced rapidly to \$4.3

per cent. higher at 64, they advanced rapidly to 642.

Toward the end of the first hour the market eased up somewhat and there was a fractional reaction. After 11 o'clock the market became firm again, and although the trading was very slight, prices at noon were generally the best of the morning. At this writing the market is dull, but steady

Bitter Weather in the West-SAN ANTONIO, Feb. 13.—Telegrams from all parts North and West, along the lines of Aranzas Pass and Southern Pacific railways, report the bitteres weather of the winter. Over a foot of snow has failen in some places, and the wind blows a gale. So far no loss of cattle or sheep has been reported.

Murderer Bryant Surrenders. BUTTE, MONT., Feb. 13.-Thomas Bryant, who yesterday shot and killed his mother because she refused to give him money, gave himself up to the authorities at Silver Bow last night, and was brought here and lodged in jail.

On the Track of Eyraud, New York, Feb. 13.—Two men who registered at the Hotel Martin last night as Leon Jolivet and John Johnon are believed to be the Paris detective Jaume and an assistant. Their mission is said to be the arrest of Eyraud, who murdered Gouffe in Paris some time ago, and who is thought to have fled to America.

Advice to Mothers. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children tecthing. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and it is the best remedy for diarrhess. 25c. a bottle.

Report of the Parnell Commission. London, Feb. 13.—In the House of Com-mons to-day Home Secretary Matthews presented the report of the Parnell Com-mission.

Slight Fire, A fire in the office of George L. Sheriff's wood and coal office at Twentieth and K streets, this afternoon, damaged it to the extent of \$20.

Do not throw away your money, but when in need of a good liniment, buy Sal-vation Oil. 1,876,542 bottles of Dr. Bull's Cough syrup were sold in the last twelve months.

THAT TERRIBLE "GRIPPE."

What It Reall is Explained by One. of the Best Informed Men in Amer

The president of one of the leading New

The president of one of the leading New York medical colleges, in conversation with the writer the other evening, said:

"1a Grippe," the Russian influenza, that has caused so much talk, is a more severe affliction than people usually think. It arises mysteriously, and appears to have its origin in the atmosphere. The last time it visited America was in 1803, and it came then, as now, from Asia. The name influenza, comes from the suggestion that the malady was due to the influences of the heavenly bodies, but more modern science has discovered that it is due to the changes in the electrical conditions. Whatever may be the cause, it is a strong congestion of the blood vessels and nucous membrane, principally in the head and throat, and nothing but strong stimulents will check this congestion and keep the blood actively circulating. For this purpose I know of nothing better than pure whiskey, and I believe Duffy's Pure Mait to be the best and purest whiskey known to the world.

"Formerly this juduenza was said to pre-

"Formerly this influenza was said to precede an epidemic of the plague, and the
person who was about to be taken with the
latter, had as a preliminary, a fit of succiing. Now it precedes a worse epidemic
than the plague, namely, the terrible pneumonia. Its beginning is slight, but its ending is often terrible. Pains in the limbs,
back, chest and head; a sore throat and a
lack of appetite copious discharge at the
nose; these are some of the symptoms of
this dread disease. Upon the slightest approach of any of these symptoms, a nervous
feeling, or lassitude, resort should be had
to a pure whiskey, which is the only certain
means of breaking up this epidemic before
it secures a hold upon the system or check
it when it has become started. Care should
be taken, however, to secure only that
which is pure, as the article above named
certainly is." "Formerly this influenza was said to pro

FROM AWAY BACK

The oldest tree in Europe is in Sicily and is known in history as "Il Castagno." The oldest observatory in Europe is that founded by King Frederick III. of Denmark on the Island of liveen, in the

It now turns out that a usage was a ine art with the Chinese about the time that Moses was maturing his plans for the exedus from Egypt.

The observatory at Peking is the oldest in the world, having been founded in 1279 by Kubia Khan, the first Emperor of the Mogul dynasty. There are still in it three of the first instruments of observa-tion. These were used for the observation of Halley's comet, in 1738, and may also be used when, twenty-two years hence, this comet walls sureces. omet again appears.

WHERE THE FUN COMES IN.

As the late Daily Capital of this city passed into the hands of new publisher (Messrs. Hawkins, Cowen and Buskett), they wisely returned to the name that should never have been dropped, THE CRITIC. As the lively and popular CRITIC it had won fame, and had its full share of fun. The Chronicle greets the new-born, and wishes it every success and lots of the fun that always attends the philanthropic expenditure of money in publishing a paper in Washington .- Washington Chronicle.

Late Hotel Arrivals. THE ARLINGTON—D. F. Cooney, New York; John Weir, Arizona; M. P. Davis and wife, Ottawa, Canada, EBBITT HOUSE—Hon. C. W. Gil-fillan, Tennessee; George T. Tilden, Boston; L. P. Browne, Les Negas, N. M.; A. R. Perkins, jr., Philadelphia. Riges House—J. H. Lang, Boston C. H. Doonis, Philadelphia; O. H.

Felix, New York; Dr. G. B. Johnson Richmond, Va. Willard's — Lewis Benson, New York; A. Carragin, W. Carragin, L. Carragin, San Francisco; W. G. Car-roll, Philadelphia.

HOTEL ARNO—Henry E. Rees, Atlanta, Ga.; George Roland, New York; W. D. Bell, Philadelphia. HOTEL NORMANDIE-D. C. Wilson, Beauford, S. C.; W. H. Kenyon, New

CHAMBERLIN'S-H. A. Jarome, New York; D. S. Lamont, New York; H. C. Wallace, Tacoma, W. T. WORMLEY'S-J. S. Ware, New York; A. S. Bence, Mobile, Ala, HOTEL RANDALL—A. D. Hawley, Bristoj, Conn.; J. E. Simonson, New-ark, N. J.: B. Gaw and wife, Balti-

METROPOLITAN—F. Forbes, New York; Hon. H. G. Turner, Quitmeen, Ga.; Milton Cayse, Richmond, Va. NATIONAL—Fred. L. Godderd, Pitts-burg, Pa.: P. D. Barker, Mobile, Ala.; W. B. Treadway and wife, Sloux City, Lowa. City, Iowa. St. James-J. H. Sharp, Wilming on, Del.; J. D. Patrick, Raleigh, N. C.

D. B. Lester, New York; C. S. Burton Chicago. Howard House-J. H. Pike, New York; H. E. Church, Putnum, Conn. HARRIS HOUSE-T. J. Thorp, Chi ago; E. Simons, Chicago. HOTEL JOHNSON-Burton Binns and vife, J. S. Lowdon, Airginia: Rev. W.

A. Newbold and wife, New York. "FAIR FACES NEED no paint," but catarrh, cold in the head, nasal inflamma-tion and influenza need Old Saul's Catarrh Cure, the great and gentle specific for catarrh. 25 cents per package.

## BRIGGS'

SICK HEADACHE

Nervous, Bilious or Congestive Forms.

TESTIMONIAL. L. R. BROWN, M. D., 23 West Jersey st., ELIZABETH, N. J., June 28, 1889. This is to certify that I have used for some months with much satisfaction, the combina-tion of remedies, for Headache, known as Briggs' Headache Troches. The remedy cures more headaches, especially such as affect Nervous Women, than anything I am acquainted with, and if this certificate will be the means of bringing it to the favorable attention of sufferers from that trouble, I shall feel that I have done them a service. L. R. BROWN.

PRICE, 25 CENTS. Sold by all Druggists or sent by Mail on Re celpt of Price. BRIGGS' MEDICINE CO.,

ELIZABETH, N. J. SPECIAL NOTICES.

NATIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY at Metropolitan M. E. Church, Friday evening, February 14, at 8 o'clock.

SENATOR H. W. BLAIR will preside.

MRS J. ELLEN FOSTER will speak.

HON J. N. STEARNS will speak.

HON J. D. TAYLOR will speak.

REV. G. H. COREY, D. D., will speak.

All are invited. All are invited.

Temperature of the property of the property

Music by a quartette of maie voices. The public is invited. \*fet2-3t public is invited.

"fe12-3t

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made by one of the most celebrated
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Temporary offices, No. 1001 F st. n. w. Loans money on collateral and real estate-Pays interest on depoelts. Has for sale secured investments. Capital, \$1,000,000. Call and see or write to us. B. H. WARNER, President; JNO. 30Y EBSON, Vice-President; W. B. ROBINSON, Secretary; W. B. GURLEY, Acting Treasurer.

THE COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK 911 F st. n. w., Washington, D. C. A General Banking Business Transacted Capital, \$250,000.

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DR. WHITE, CHIROPODIST 1416 Fenna ave., opposite Willard's Hote Thousands from far and near visit Dr. Whit for relief from and avoldance of corns, but lons, diseased nails and all other foo troubles. Hours 8 a.m. to 6 p. m.; Sur days, 2 to 12. Established 1801. Fee. 51. LADIES: LADIES: LADIES:

Mrs. McCafferty is the only hat and bonnet-frame manufacturer in the city. Call and she her new shapes. Bleaching and pressing. Straw and felt hats altered to the latest styles. Orders promptly attended to. 1009 G street a. w.

ELECTRICITY.— 15 YEARS A SPE claity in ouring nervous and meatal disease, spinal, ovarian and uterine troubles, paralysis, tumors, sciatica, hysteria, rheumatism, neuralgia, chorea, etc. Hairs removed. Strictures cured. Static electricity through clothing. Dr. L. S. NICHOLSON, 69: Twelfth st. n. w.

SUSPECTED OF MURDER.

HIRAM SAWTELLE'S BROTHER AR-RESTED IN PORTLAND.

Registered Under an Assume Name, but Was Recognized, and Acknowledged His Identity—Bos-ton Police Have Been Notified.

PORTLAND, ME., Feb. 13.-Isaac B. Sawtelle, wanted in Boston in connec tion with the mysterious disappearance of his brother Hiram, was arrested here this morning. He registered at the Falmouth Hotel Monday evening under the name of J. Bridge, Dover He attracted the attention of the clerk who took him for a beat. Last evening the clerk read a description of Sawtelle and recognized the man. He notified the police, and "Bridge" was placed under surveillance.

This morning when he left the hotel he went to the Postoffice, got a letter, read it, and tore it up, and proceeded to the Grand Trunk Depot, where he inquired for a ticket to Detroit, but did not purchase it. He boarded the Monnot purchase it. He boarded the Mon-treal train, and had taken a seat when he was arrested. He turned pale when taken into custody, but admitted that his name was Isaac D. Sawtelle. Yesterday a stranger called at the Falmouth Hotel and inquired for Saw-telle, but was told that no such person.

was there. The visitor looked over the register until he came to the Bridge signature, when he said, "That is the man I want." The clerk on duty at the time cannot describe this man, but the officers are looking for him. The Bos-ton police have been notified of Sawtelle's arrest.

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